



ORION SWIMMING CLUB

Anti-Bullying Policy

Statement of Intent

We are committed to providing a caring, safe and friendly environment for all our members so they can swim in a relaxed and secure atmosphere. Bullying of any kind is unacceptable at Orion Swimming Club. If bullying does occur, all swimmers or parents should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively. We are a **TELLING** club. This means that anyone who knows that bullying is happening is expected to tell the club welfare officer, a member of the welfare team or any committee member.

What is bullying?

Bullying is the use of aggression with the intention of hurting another person. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim.

Bullying can be:

- Emotional - being unfriendly, excluding (emotionally and physically), sending hurtful text messages, tormenting (eg hiding goggles/floats, threatening gestures)
- Physical - pushing, kicking, hitting pinching or any use of violence
- Racist - racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
- Sexual - unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- Homophobic - because of, or focussing on, the issue of sexuality
- Verbal - name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing

Why is it important to respond to bullying?

Bullying hurts. No one deserves to be a victim of bullying. Everybody has the right to be treated with respect. Swimmers who are bullying need to learn different ways of behaving.

Objectives of this policy:

- All committee members, coaches and teachers, swimmers and parents should have an understanding of what bullying is.
- All committee members, coaching and teaching staff should know what the club's policy is on bullying and follow it when bullying is reported.
- All swimmers and parents should know what the club's policy is on bullying, and what do if bullying arises.
- As a club we take bullying seriously. Swimmers and parents should be assured that they would be supported when bullying is reported.

- *Bullying will not be tolerated.*

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

A child may indicate by signs or behaviour that he or she is being bullied. Adults should be aware of these possible signs and that they should investigate if a child:

- says he is being bullied
- is unwilling to go to club sessions
- becomes withdrawn, anxious or lacking in confidence
- feels ill before training sessions
- comes home with clothes torn or swimming equipment damaged
- has possessions go "missing"
- asks for money or starts stealing money (to pay bully)
- has unexplained cuts or bruises
- is frightened to say what's wrong
- gives improbable excuses for any of the above

In more extreme cases:

- starts stammering
- cries themselves to sleep at night or has nightmares
- becomes aggressive, disruptive or unreasonable
- is bullying other children or siblings
- stops eating
- attempts or threatens suicide or runs away

These signs and behaviours may indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

PROCEDURES

1. Report bullying incidents to the club's Welfare Officer or a member of the committee or ring *Swimline* on 0808 100 4001
2. In cases of serious bullying the incidents should be referred to the ASA for advice.
3. Parents should be informed and will be asked to come into a meeting to discuss the problem.
4. If necessary and appropriate, the police will be consulted.
5. The bullying behaviour or threats of bullying must be investigated and the bullying stopped quickly.
6. An attempt will be made to help the bully (bullies) change their behaviour.
7. If mediation fails and the bullying is seen to continue the club will initiate action under the club's constitution and in accordance with the club's Behaviour Policy.

RECOMMENDED CLUB ACTION

If the club decides it is appropriate for them to deal with the situation they should follow the procedure outlined below.

1. Reconciliation by getting the parties together. It may be that an apology solves the problem.
2. If this fails/ is not appropriate a small panel (made up from Chair, Welfare Officer, Secretary & committee members) should meet with the parents and child alleging bullying to get details of the bullying. Minutes should be taken for clarity, and these should be agreed by all as a true account.
3. The same 3 persons should meet with the alleged bully and parent/s and put the incidents raised to them to answer and give their view of the allegation. Minutes should again be taken and agreed.
4. If bullying has, in their view, taken place the swimmer should be warned and put on notice of further action *i.e.* temporary or permanent suspension if the bullying continues. Consideration should be given as to whether a reconciliation meeting between the parties is appropriate at this time.
5. In some cases the parent of the bully or bullied swimmer can be asked to attend training sessions, if they are able to do so and if appropriate. The committee should monitor the situation to ensure the bullying is not repeated.
6. All coaches/teachers involved with both swimmers should be made aware of the concerns and outcome of the process *i.e.* the warning.

In the case of adults reported to be bullying swimmers under 18:

1. The ASA should always be informed and will advise on action to be taken.
2. It is anticipated that in most cases where the allegation is made regarding a teacher or coach, child protection awareness training may be recommended.
3. More serious cases may be referred to the police, social services or judicial complaints.

PREVENTION

- The club has a written constitution, which includes a behaviour policy and an anti bullying policy which are applicable to all members.
- All swimmers and parents will sign to accept the policies on joining the club.
- The club welfare officer will raise awareness about bullying and why it matters, and if issues of bullying arise in the club will consider meeting with swimmers to discuss the issue openly and constructively.